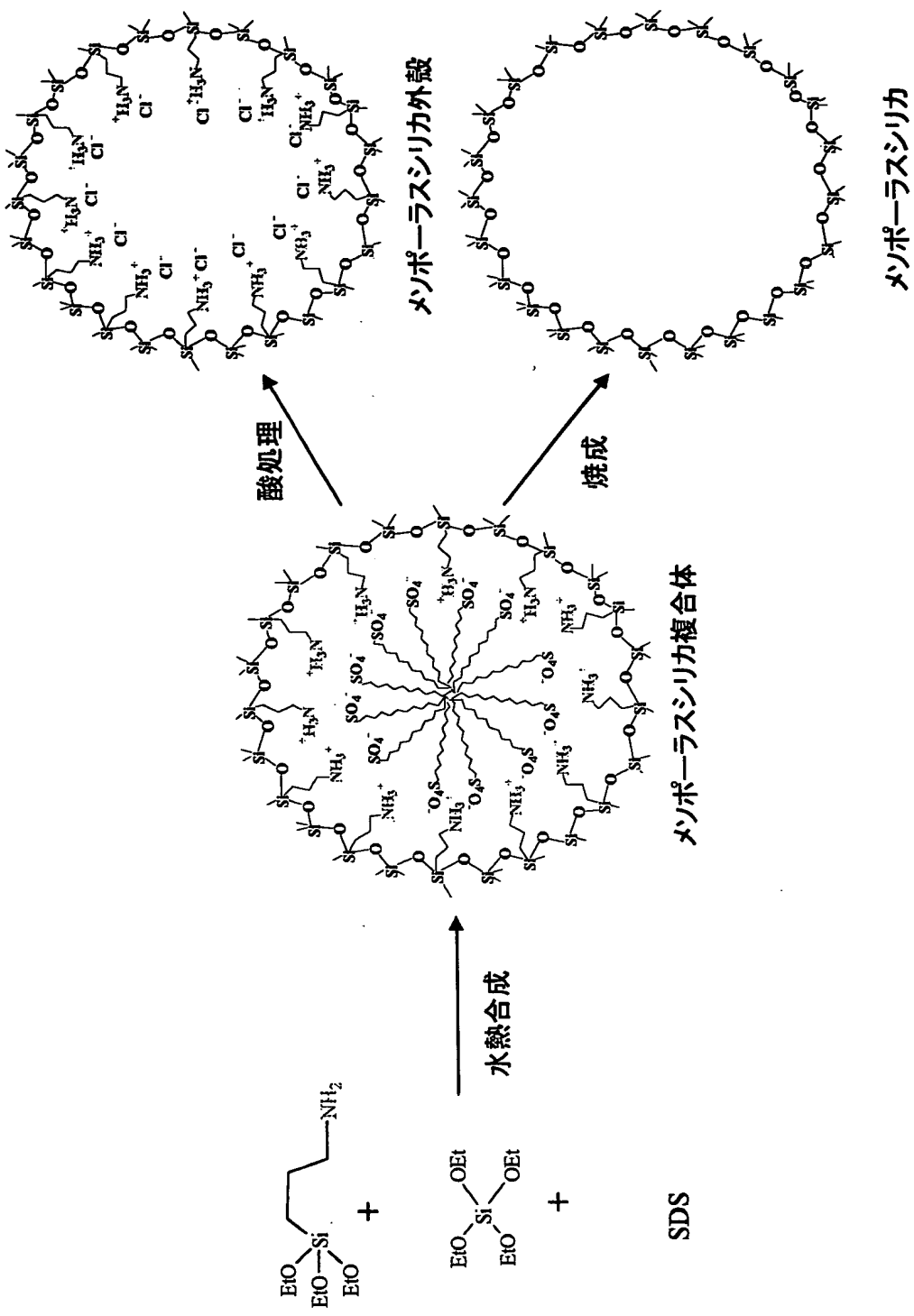
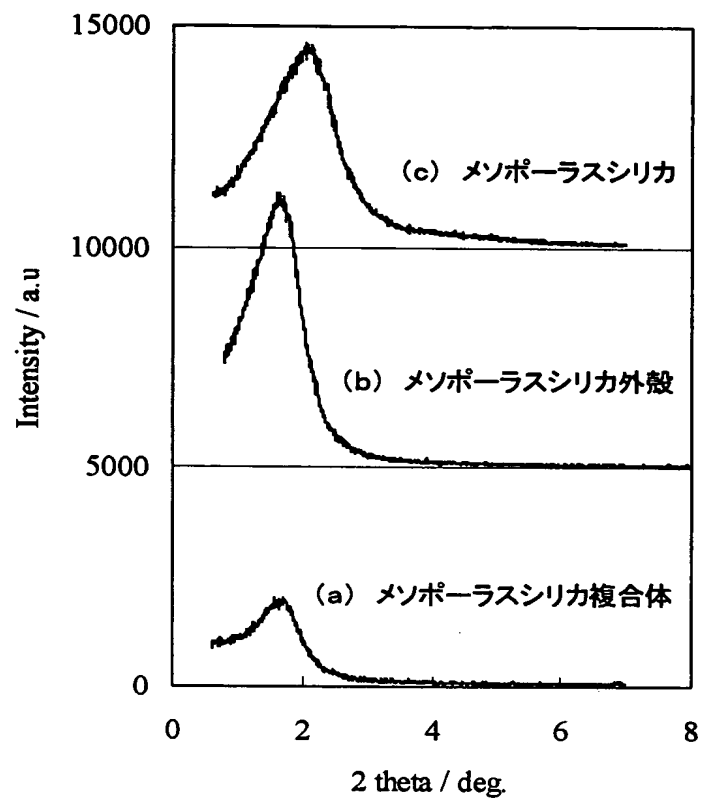


【図 1】



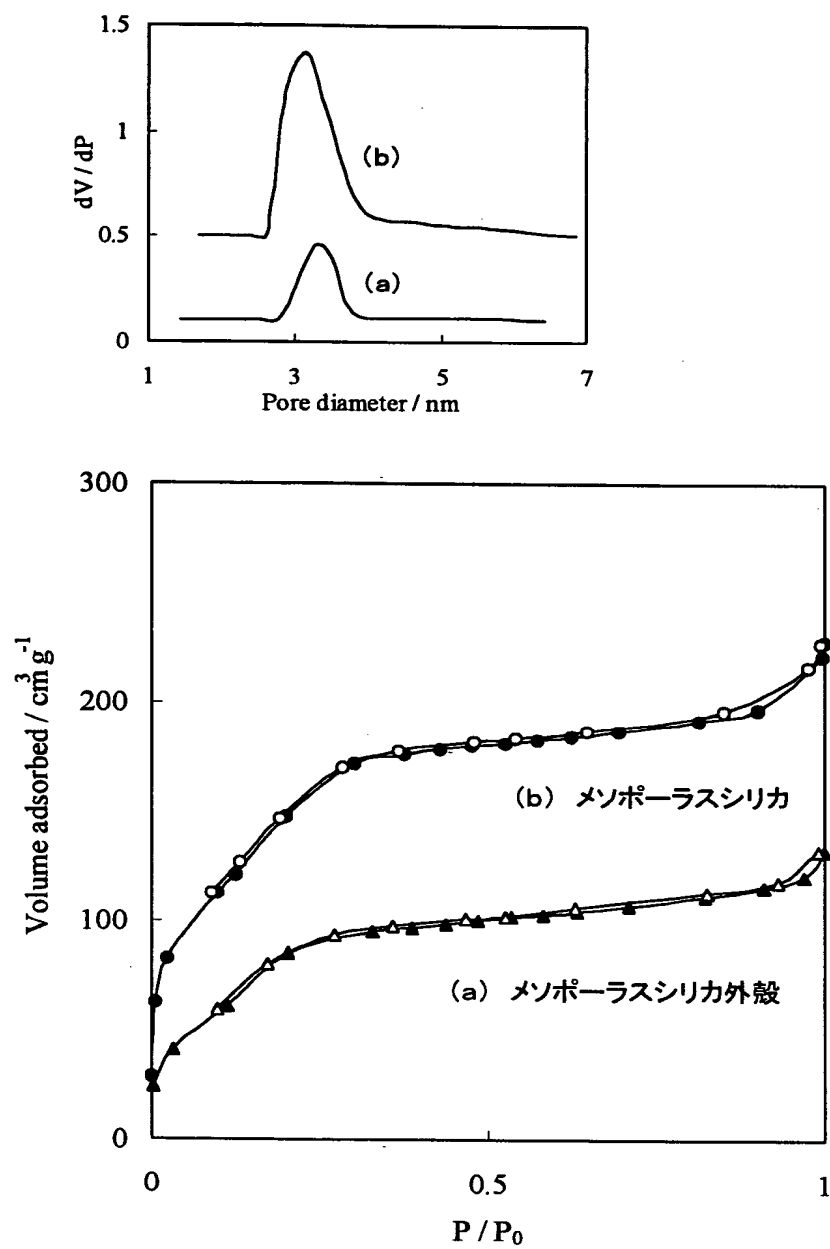
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【図 2】




DF4392/US

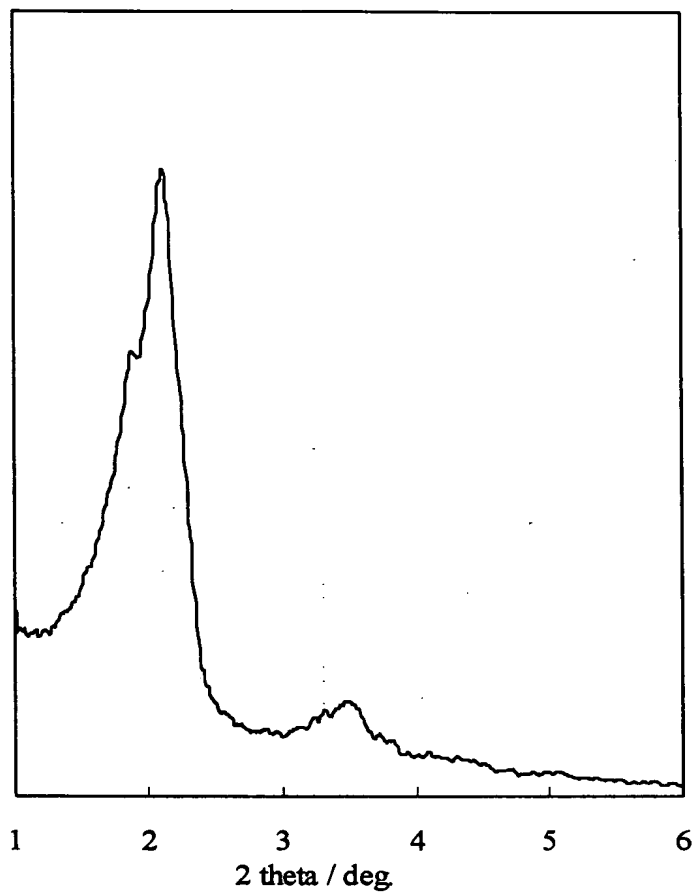
【図 3】



DF4392/US

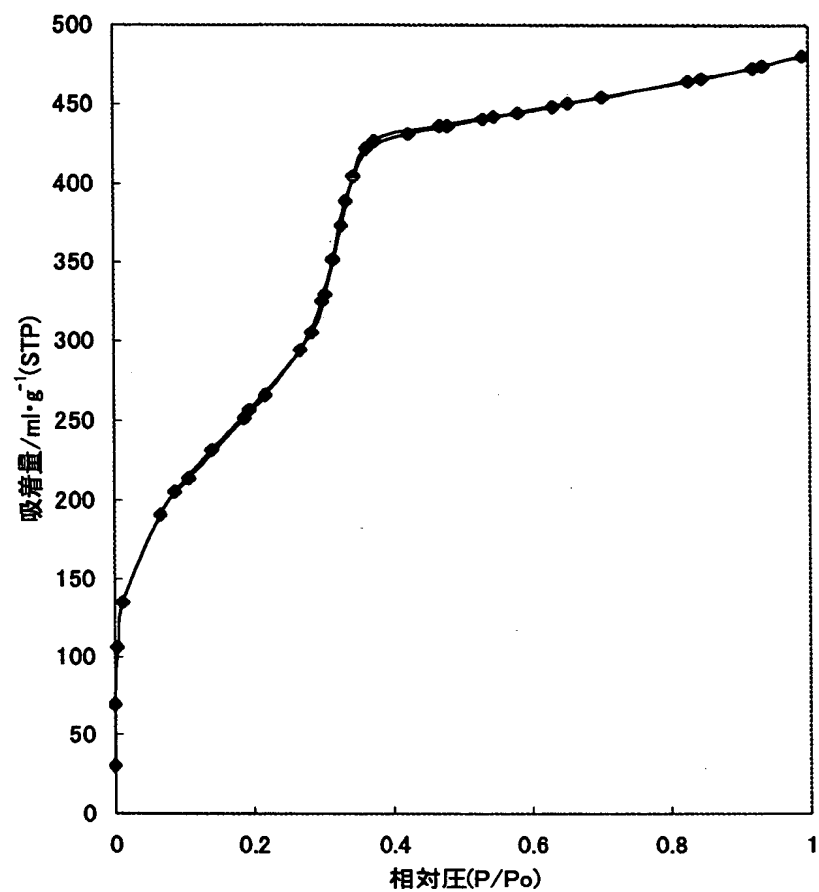
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【 4】

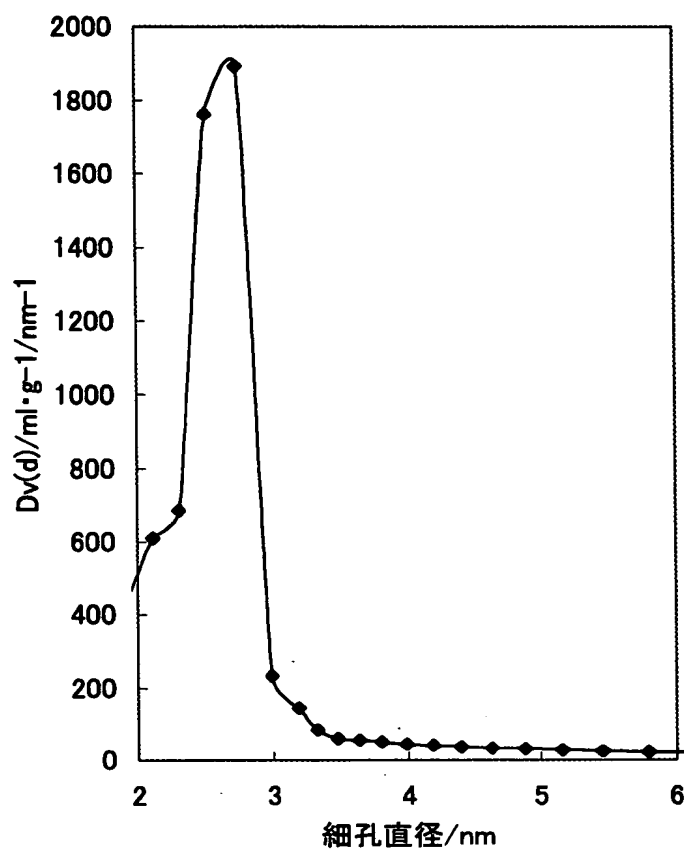


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【図 5】



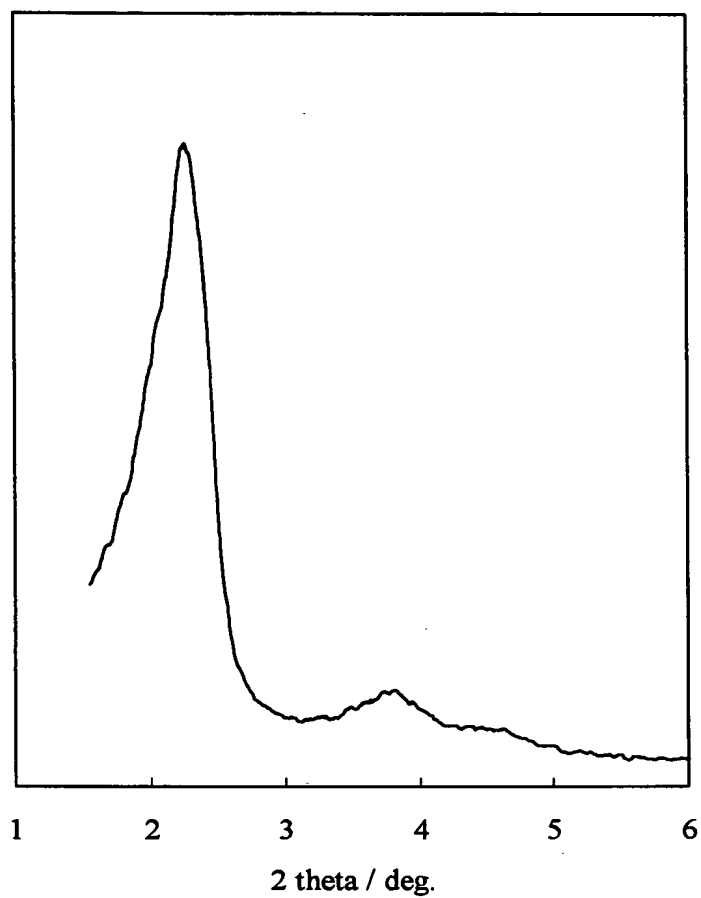
【図6】



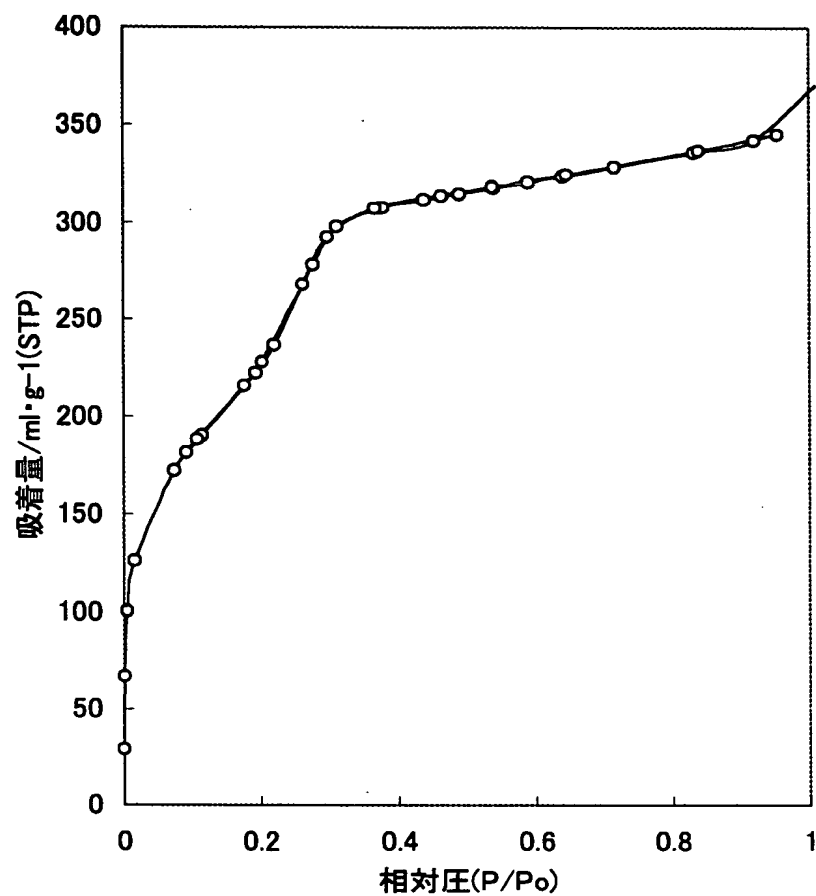
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DOCKET #: 245637US0
INV: Takashi TATSUMI, et al.
SHEET 7 OF 14

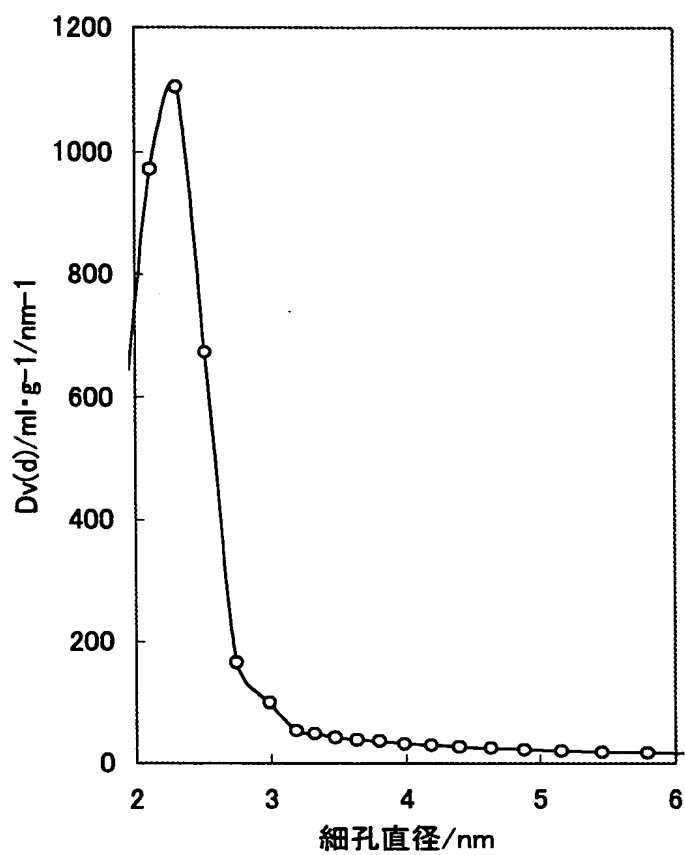
【図 7】



【図 8】



【図 9】



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	Neutralization	Double decomposition
Surfactant		
CSDA		
Interaction		
	<p>A: COO, OSO₃, SO₃, OPO₃; M⁺: Na⁺, K⁺, NH₃⁺ etc.; R₁: H, CH₃; n = 8 - 18;</p>	

Fig. 10. Schematic illustration of the two types of amino group-anionic surfactant head group interactions: through neutralization of acid with primary aminosilane APS and double decomposition of negatively charged anionic salt surfactant with positively charged quaternized aminosilane TMAPS.

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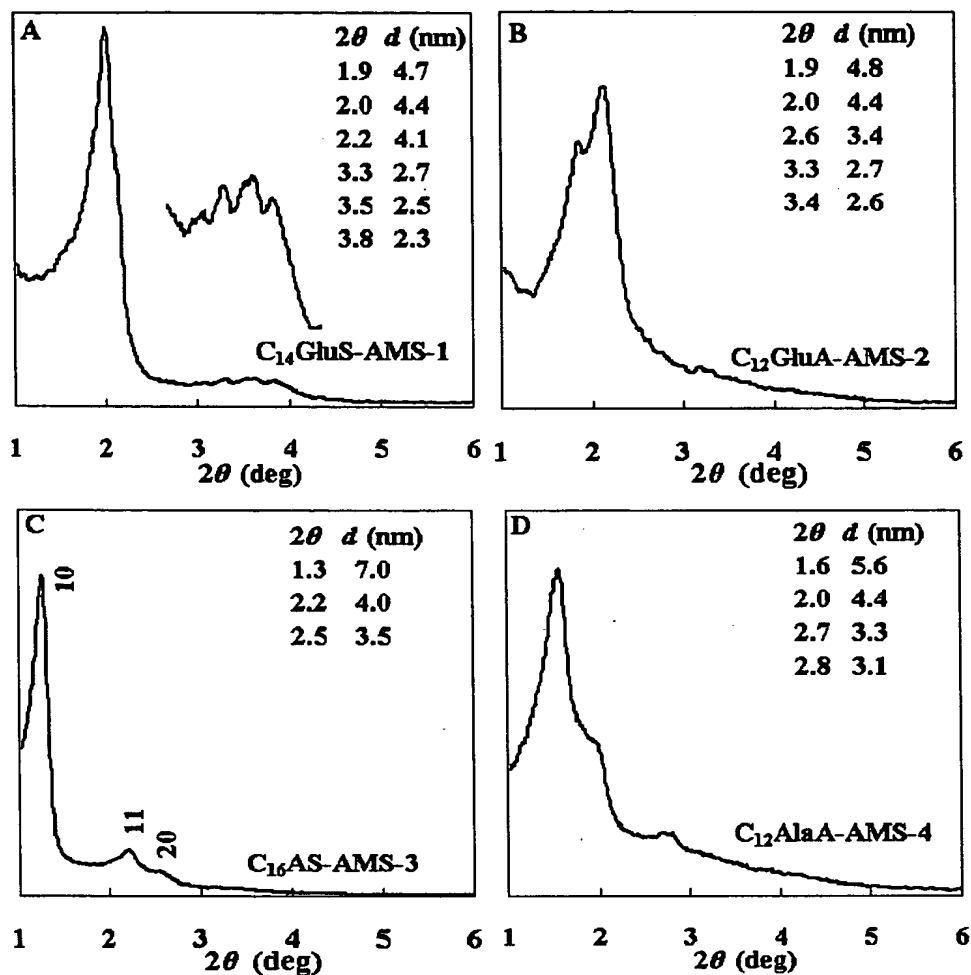


Fig. 11. XRD patterns of calcined AMS-n mesoporous silica. The chemical mol composition of the reaction mixture was (A) C₁₄GluS-AMS-1, C₁₄GluS:TMAPS:TEOS:H₂O 1:2:10:2405 (at 100 °C for 3 d); (B) C₁₂GluA-AMS-2: C₁₂GluA:APS:TEOS:H₂O 1:2.5:18.5:1905 (at 100 °C for 2 d); (C) C₁₆AS-AMS-3: C₁₆AS:TMAPS:TEOS:H₂O 1:1:9:1544 (at 60 °C for 1 d); (D) C₁₂AlaA-AMS-4,

C₁₂AlaA:APS:TEOS:H₂O 1:0.75:7.5:1505 (at 60 °C for 1 d). XRD patterns were recorded on an MX Labo powder diffractometer equipped with Cu K α radiation (40 kV, 20 mA) at the rate of 1.0 deg/min over the range of 1.5 – 10.0 ° (2 θ).

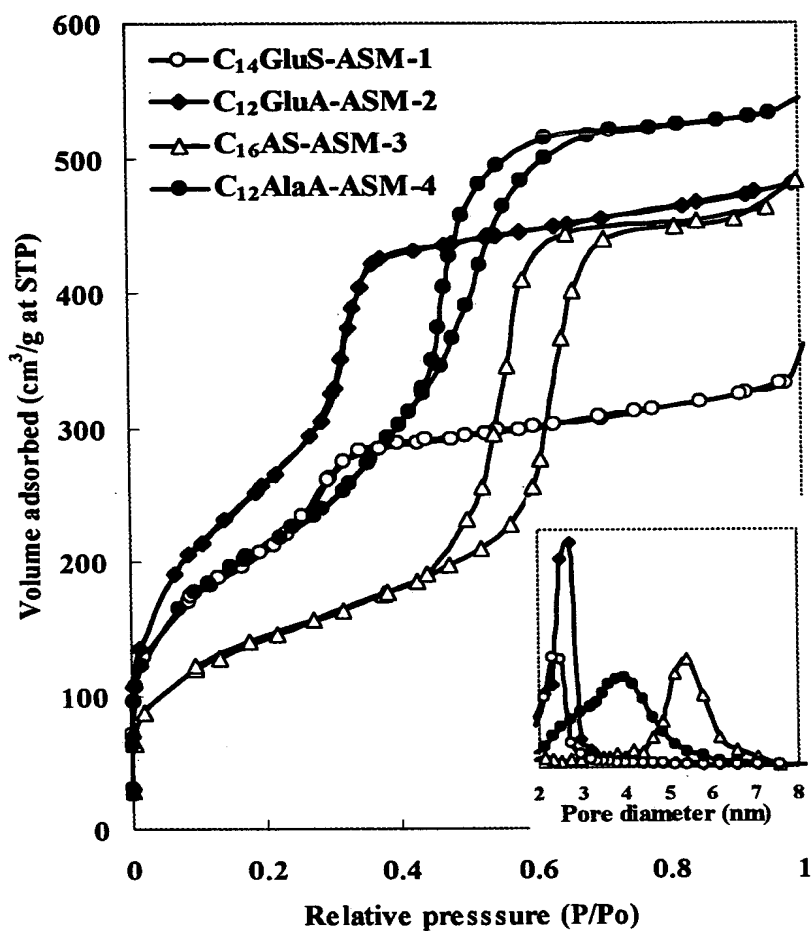
Supporting online materials:

Fig. 12. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms and BJH pore size distributions of AMS-n mesoporous silica shown in Fig. 11. The isotherms were measured at -196 °C on a Belsorp 28SA sorptionmeter.

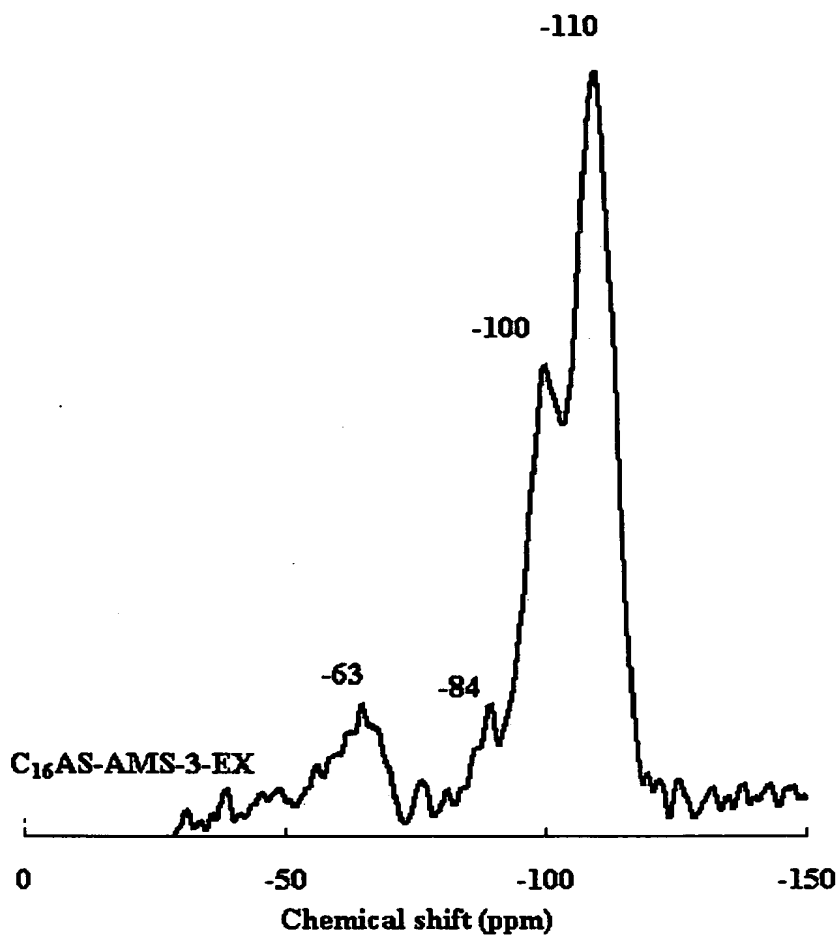


Fig. 13 shows CP ^{29}Si NMR spectra of extracted AMS-3 silica C₁₆AS-AMS-3-Ex. The spectra were collected at a JEOL-LA400WB 400 MHz spectrometer at 79.4 MHz and a sample spinning frequency of 5 kHz, respectively.